Alexandria DAILY Gazette, Commercial & Political.

VOL VIII. FRIDAY, JULY 29, 1808. [No. 2237.

Sales at Vendue.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD
At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and Water streets.
A Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.
Particulars of which will be expressed in Bills of the day——All kinds of goods which are on limitation and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, V. M.

NOTICE.

THE Co-partnership of Catlett and Fisk, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Chs. I. Catlett,
Martin Fisk.

The business in future will be transacted by

CHS. I. CATLETT

April 1. d

JUST RECEIVED,
And for sale by ROBERT GRAY,
A few copies Brown's Dictionary of the BIBLE, 2 vols. octavo, ornamented with Plates. Price 7 dollars, bound and lettered.
July 27.

CLARET, &c.

10 Cases Fine Old Medoc Claret,
London Particular Madeira,
Marsala or Sicily do.
A few Bags Best Soft Shelled Almonds.
Spanish Segars, 1st and 2d quality,
FOR SALE BY
Joseph Mandeville,
Corner of King and Fairfax Streets.
June 27.

Irish Linens.

A small invoice of yard wide and 7-8 *Irish Linens*, just received and for sale by
John G. Ladd.
May 31.

JUST RECEIVED
FOR SALE BY
R. GRAY,
Esparelles' Letters from England
Little's and Moore's Poems
Lady's Cabinet
Salmagundi, 2 vols. bound
Military and Political Hints
And the following New Plays;
Adrian and Orilla
Town and Country
The Trust
He Wou'd if He Cou'd
Time's a Telltale.

Just Received and For Sale
By R. GRAY, King-street,
SECRET HISTORY;
OR,
The Horrors of St, Domingo.
In a series of letters written by a lady at Cape Francois to Colonel BURR, late Vice-President of the United States.—Price $1.

MODERN CHIVALRY,
Containing the adventures of a Captain and Teague O'Regan, his servant [illegible] *H. H. Brackenridge*, 2 vol, 12. mo.—Price $2 50 cents.

New System of Domestic Cookery,
Formed upon priciples of economy and adapted to the use of private families.—Price [illegible] cents.

Patent Shot, &c.

[illegible] ons Patent Shot, assorted, B to no. 7.
[illegible] hogsheads brown Sugars.
[illegible] lbs. green Coffee.
Imperial Tea, of a very superior quality, in quarter chests, boxes and canisters.
50 barrels choice Whiskey.
Jamaica Spirits, (for family use)—warranted seven years old.
40 boxes Muscatel Raisins.
With a general assortment of Wines, Liquors, and Groceries as usual—
FOR SALE BY
Joseph Mandeville,
Corner of King and Fairfax streets.
June 15.

WILL BE PUBLISHED
IN A PAMPHLET AT THIS OFFICE IN A SHORT TIME,
AN ADDRESS
TO THE
PEOPLE OF THE U. STATES,
ON THE IMPORTANCE OF ENCOURAGING
AGRICULTURE & DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES;
Tending to shew that by a due encouragement of these essential interests, the nation will be rendered more respectable abroad and more prosperous at home.
TOGETHER WITH AN ACCOUNT OF
The Improvements in Sheep at Arlington,
The native Sheep of Smith's Island, and the plans proposed of extending this valuable race of animals, for the benefit of the country at large:

BY GEORGE W. P. CUSTIS Esq.
Of Arlington House, in the District of Columbia.

AT a time when the energies of the nation seem awakened to the state of our foreign and domestic concerns, we conceive that the important interests of Agriculture and Manufactures should meet with a considerable share of the public discussion. Certain it is, that at no period of our political history could these national subjects excite more interest or be more properly urged to the notice of the publib mind. The unsettled and impending appearance of our foreign affairs, and the present disturbed state of the European world, renders it doubly necessary for the citizens of America to cherish and promote their domestic policy, whereby they may derive those resources which are now obtained from abroad and create wealth and industry within themselves. Too long have these important and patriotic interests been neglected. The nation now feels their want, and we trust will duly provide for their support. Government, hitherto engaged in other concerns, will now cherish those domestic institutions, which will preserve the nation's dignity and promote the people's welfare.

Of the merits of the little work we are about to issue to the public, it is not our province to decide, but of the advantages to be derived from its sale we would beg leave to say every thing which a disinterested exertion in the cause of Domestic Manufacture justly demands—And as the profits of this work, after the expences of publication are paid, will be solely devoted to the purposes of the Arlington Institution, we may hope and confidently expect a liberal patronage from a discerning and patriotic community.

EDITOR.

☞ *Printers in the U. States will please to give this advertisement an insertion in their respective papers, and such as demand it will be paid at this office. Booksellers supplied on liberal terms, and all orders will be punctually attended to.*

Alex. 18th June, 1808.

FOR SALE,

A likely young NEGRO WOMAN, with her first child Terms cash. She will not be sold out of the neighborhood.
Enquire of the Printer.
July 7. tf

FOR SALE.

I WILL SELL the HOUSE wherein I live on the corner of Washington and King streets, on a credit of 12, 15, 18, 21, and 24 months.

Robert Young.
July 13. d

New constructed Bed Cords.

THE subscriber has for sale, at his Rope Store next door to the Indian Queen tavern, a few *new constructed BED CORDS*, which are rendered superior to any other kind by their infallibility in destroying and preventing those insects called *Chinches*, which harbor in the holes of the bedstead—they are also superior to any other kind, from their long wear He believes they will last fifteen or twenty years and retain the same virtue.—Any person wishing to purchase, may have them until the first of January, 1809, in order to prove their excellence; and should they not find them to answer the above purpose he will return the money upon their delivering him the Bed Cords; provided they are not damaged more than the necessary wear.

HE HAS ALSO,
A quantity of *HAIR CLOTHES LINES*, which are far preferable to any other kind.

Thomas Grimshaw.
July 27. d3t 2aw

Tavern Lease for Sale.

THE subscriber being about to remove to the Indian Queen Tavern, in Baltimore, offers for sale, on advantageous terms, the lease of the House he now occupies, having eight years, from the first of December next, to run; which for convenience, it is believed, is excelled by none in the United States, and from the proximity to the seat of government, and the direct communication which will be opened between the city and Alexandria by the bridge across the Potomac and the Turnpike Road, bids fair to become one of the best stands for business in the country, as the distance to the Capitol over the bridge will be only about 7 miles. With the Lease will be sold, if wanted, the *whole* of the FURNITURE, as it now stands, together with a large stock of WINES & LIQUORS, There is a vacant Lot on the corner of Cameron and Pitt-streets, adjoining the stables, attached to the House, (which renders it particularly commodious, as by that means the property fronts on three streets) which will be sold in fee simple, or leased for the remainder of the time.

A handsome LOT of GROUND, in the centre of the square between King and Cameron streets, and fronting on Washington and Columbus streets, 107 feet, with a public alley on one side, and an open space that cannot be built on, on the other. For a public situation it is unequalled by any property in Alexandria.

ALSO,
A LOT OF GROUND, at the west end, about half a mile from town and fronting on the Little River Turnpike Road, 85 feet, running back 250 feet, more or less. There are improvements on the property adjoining it, on each side.

A handsome LOT OF GROUND, on the George Town road, about half a mile from town, in a very beautiful situation, containing two acres.

A handsome SQUARE OF GROUND, on Washington and Columbus streets, within one quarter of a mile of town, well enclosed with a post and rail fence, containing something less than two acres.

A half acre LOT on the commons, about the same distance as the last mentioned.

ALSO,
My interest in the lease of a FARM, containing between one and two hundred acres, adjoining the town of Alexandria, in a high state of cultivation, and enclosed with a new post and rail fence, (in one of the enclosures is the Alexandria Jockey Club Race Course) with a large crop of OATS and HAY, which will be sold in the stack or otherwise;—two waggons, four carts, eight ploughs, two double harrows, a large and elegant roller, all of the best construction, six good farm horses, and every other article that can be wanted for a well managed farm, together with 12 choice milch COWS, a fine buffaloe BULL, forty head of SHEEP, about fifty head of HOGS of the very best breed that could be procured. Also, some very VALUABLE SLAVES, if they should be wanted for the farm.

ALSO,
The two lines of STAGES between George Town and Alexandria, with a light HACK & four HORSES.

NOTICE.

All persons having claims against me are requested to bring them forward for settlement; and all persons indebted are desired to make immediate payment, as no longer indulgence can be given, my intended removed rendering it necessary that a full adjustment of all accounts should take place.

JOHN GADSBY.
July 25. d

Public Sale.

BY virtue of a deed of trust from *Alexander Smith* to the subscribers, to secure the payment of a sum of money to the bank of Alexandria, will be exposed to sale, on the premises, on Wednesday the 17th day of August next, a piece of ground with the houses and improvements appertaining thereto, lying on the south side of Duke street and west side of Water street, being at the intersection of the streets, extending on Duke street forty feet, on Water street ninety one feet six inches to a ten feet alley—upon a credit of 6, 12, and 18 months, the purchaser giving notes for the several payments negociable at the bank of Alexandria, with an approved indorser, and a deed of trust upon the property to secure the payment of the notes.

James Keith, *sen.*
James Keith, *jun.*
July 21. dts

FOR SALE,

On MONDAY the 3d of August will be sold on Parrott's wharf, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon,

THE SCHOONER
William Henry;
56 tons burthen. She has lately been repaired. She lies in the stream opposite the said wharf and may be viewed prior to the sale. Terms—approved negotiable notes in the Bank of Columbia, at three and six months.

Georgetown, July 27. [28] dts.

FOR BOSTON,

The Schooner
ENTERPRIZE,
Capt. HEWES;
For freight of 400 barrels, or passage, having good accommodations, apply to

John G. Ladd.

Landing, for sale, from said vessel,
45 tons Plaister Paris,
3 tierces Claret Wine,
60 bales Cut Corks,
2500 wt. Glauber's Salt.
July 3[illegible]. d

☞ A HORSE and CHAIR to hire—by
Alexander Perry.
July 28. 6t

Military Notice!

MARY A. PIC has the honor to inform the *military gentlemen*, that she has just received an elegant assortment of articles in the military line, consisting of—
100 pairs of gold and silver Epaulets—among which are some truly elegant.
Plumes, of all colors and sizes.
Gold and silver Tassels.
Ditto Cord.
Tinsel ditto.
Sword Knots
Cockades, Stocks, &c. &c.
She has also a parcel of fine Virginia Cloth, different patterns.
Umbrellas.
A large assortment of split Straw Hats and Bonnets.
Ribbons.
And as usual, every other article in the Millinery Line.
July 28 3t

Public Sale.

ON SATURDAY next, will be sold, at the Coffee-House, at 12 o'clock, on a credit of sixty days—

Negro Frederick,
Of about thirty years of age—he is a good Seaman and Rigger, trusty and sober.

P. G. Marsteller.
July 27. dts

Ten Dollars Reward.

STRAYED or STOLEN, from Mr. Alexander's pasture, near Alexandria, within the last ten days, a large GREY HORSE, five years old, has been running in the stage between this and George-Town, 16 hands high, high boned and bare of flesh, chaffed a little with the harness, has a white circle round the right eye, and three white spots under his tail, has been nicked. The above reward will be paid on delivering him to

John Gadsby.
July 28. 3t

Potomac Company.

THE Stockholders in the Potomac Company are hereby notified, that an annual meeting of the said Company will be held, according to law, at *Gadsby's* tavern, in Alexandria, on MONDAY, the first day of August next, when the proceedings of the Board of Directors, with a sketch of the Treasurer's receipts and disbursements since the last general meeting, will be submitted to their consideration.

By order of the Board,
Joseph Carleton,
TREASURER.
George-Town, July 6. dt1stAug

LENT OR LOST,

The first volume of Chesterfield's Letters;
WHOEVER has borrowed or found it will please to return or call and pay for the sett.

ROBERT GRAY.

Alexandria Daily Gazette,
COMMERCIAL AND POLITICAL.

MR. SNOWDEN,

THE London Society of Arts having, some time since, offered a premium of 20*l.* or a *gold medal*, for the best account of fattening of hogs, in consequence of which *Mr. Young* sent them a series of trials as a candidate for their medal, and was honored with it. The following are extracted from his essay.

Clover is a most capital object in keeping all sorts of Swine; but those writers who assert that it will completely fatten them, go much too far.

There is no sort of cattle in a farm that requires more attention than hogs; any method therefore that simplifies the management, must be peculiarly valuable.

Hogs that are a quarter (or upwards) grown, may be confined to a clover field, until it is necessary to sow wheat. Nine tenths of Britain will doubt this fact, but I have frequently experienced the truth of it.

It is requisite to add, there must be a pond in the field which never fails. In a good crop of clover swine may be locked up from the middle of May till Michaelmas, and no consumption of the clover will pay the farmer better.

Nothing can be clearer than the fact of hogs thriving excellently on clover."

By the *Domestic Encyclopaedia* it appears, that "Mr. Kirk, of Yorktown, Pennsylvania, fed one pig with boiled potatoes and Indian corn, and another with the same articles unboiled.

The two animals were weighed every week, and the difference between them was as *six* to *nine*. The experiment was continued several weeks, and the animals alternately fed upon boiled and unboiled food, with an uniformity of result, which sufficiently proved the very great profit arising from boiled food.

Z.

FROM THE REPUBLICAN (ALBANY) CRISIS.

LETTER VI.

From Mr. Richard Saunders, to a friend in a neighboring state:

No, my friend, it is not whether a northern or a southern man shall be President, that splits you, it is who shall get the greatest share of the loaves and fishes. Cheetham knows very well that if Madison is President, he is no more printer of the laws of the United States and Duane knows that if Clinton is President, he will no more supply Congress with pen, ink and paper. I don't, however, put Cheetham on a par with Duane—Cheetham has talents, and some fear of God, and some regard for man, and since he got over that madness when he wanted to stab the federalists in the night, he seems to be daily geting into a better frame of mind.

What was it split your party when Burr was put up in our state for governor—when Lewis was held up? There was no southern men in question then—No, no, it is not sixpence matter to me who is President, so that I remain in office, or am sure of getting an office. This is the true language of 99 out of 100 of good republicans, if they would be honest enough to tell the truth. If Burr had been made governor, than your Clinton men would have been turned out. Lewis began to appoint men to office who did not belong to the brotherhood, and the brotherhood turned him out, and so they would turn our Tompkins out, if he dared to appoint a justice who was not of the thoroughgoing breed.

You must not be angry with me if I say that the whole aim and end of the writers and brawlers for Madison and for Clinton, is to support the man who will support them—Cheetham says Madison is a weak man, a man to pay tribute to France, a man who will destroy commerce—The printers on the other side say Clinton is in his dotage—that he sold all our western lands for a song, and has made his fortune—that he was for the embargo as well as Madison—that De Witt, his nephew, will rule him while he lives, and after he is dead, will rule us, and the government will be changed into a monarchy, and so on.

You ask whether the federalists will do better than the others; heaven knows; it may be not; and yet, I think there is a chance that they will. You see things are dreadful bad now, and before long will grow worse, the different parties among the democrats or republicans hate one another with a more bitter hatred than can be conceived, infinitely more than they do the federalists. What is to be the end of this? Look at the parties in France before Bonaparte took them in hand; they cut one another's heads off, and so it will be here I fear, if you go on as you have done, at least in this state, for 5 or 6 years past.

As to the federalists doing better, there is this chance; a new broom sweeps clean, as the saying is, and as it is the interest of all men setting out in life to establish a good character and to make friends, I think for the first few years of their government at least, it is likely they would try to do well; besides, they have been so long in retirement that they have had time to reflect on the acts of their party while it was in power, and if they have found any thing wrong, rely on it, they will take care for the future—and they have seen the faults and follies which your people have committed; (for those who look on have a better chance of judging than those who are warmly engaged in the game) and I trust they will steer clear of them too.

I am, &c.

RICHARD SAUNDERS.

FROM THE ASIATIC MIRROR.

The annexed account of ship wreck, and particulars respecting the survivors, cannot have too general publicity; not merely as an article of newspaper intelligence, but as exhibiting an influence of courage nobly disarming death of its terrors even when approaching under one of its most hideous forms: and, further, as affording a pleasing influence of benevolence extending its assistance, to the relief of distress. Such instances of fortitude, such instances of humanity, exact an honorable record, not only as a tribute of applause, but that their example may incite to the exercise of similar virtues. We, therefore, perform a willing, though humble duty, in consigning their publication to the widely extended circulation of the Mirror.

Some account of the loss of the Portuguese ship Bowaniong, captain John Napremassena, lately on her passage from Calcutta towards China; translated and abridged for the Asiatic Mirror, from the narrative of a gentleman, who was passenger on board, dated Chittagong, 10th Curt.

We left our Bengal pilot the end of April last, and stretched across the bay, till the 24th of May, when, in latitude of 16 57, north; longitude 91 7, east, we encountered a severe gale, accompanied with a heavy swell, in which the ship labored much, and became leaky. The gale increasing, it became necessary for the preservation of the ship, to cut away the main and mizen masts. During the violence of the storm, it was with difficulty that the incessant working of the pumps could keep the ship free, and from her masts being gone, she was exposed to the swell, which broke over the hull with such force and frequency, that we were every moment in dread of foundering.

In this alarming situation our commander not only displayed the utmost professional skill, but by his presence of mind, by his collected, manly and judicious conduct, afforded an example that served to raise our hopes and to animate our exertions.

On the 26th of May, at 8 A. M. the weather having considerably moderated, we found almost the whole of our water butts stove in, so that independent of other material wants, it became necessary to put into the nearest port for a supply of water. The land upon our lee, was an unfrequented part of the coast of Ava, which we knew to be inhabited by a barbarous people, from whom we could not hope for the assistance that our wants required. Yet as the south west monsoon, at that season, usually blows with violence, we had no other choice than to endeavor to make the land in any point that the disabled state of our vessel would admit. We accordingly stood before the wind, and made the coast, after a short run, in the vicinity of the Broken islands; and sent a boat on shore, some leagues to the northward of the river Bartoon, to obtain an immediate supply of fresh water. In this we were disappointed. The coast, where the boat landed, was a barren desert, and although wells were sunk in various places along the beach, in the hope of reaching water, all our attempts proved fruitless. We were therefore obliged to make what sail we could before the wind, to the northward, in quest of water. It was proposed to put into Cheduba, but unfortunately we fell to leeward of the island, and found it necessary to anchor off Saduha, where we obtained water and some provisions: but as we could not there repair the losses of the ship, so as to enable us with safety to put to sea, we were desirous if possible, to reach either Cheduba or Chittagong.

On the 16th of June we weighed, and stood out from Saduha. In the mean time the leak was increasing, insomuch that it required the constant working of the pumps both night and day, to keep the ship clear. While in this situation on the 17th of June, the day after leaving Saduha, we experienced a second gale of wind, as violent as the first. In the now disabled condition of our ship, and the exhausted state of the crew, from constant labor at the pumps, we had no other alternative than to endeavor to run the vessel on shore, in the hopes of saving the lives of the people on board. While in pursuance of this design, we were so fortunate as to run into a bay, where, being somewhat sheltered from the storm, we came to anchor at 6 P. M. the pumps incessantly working, and the leak rather gaining upon us, in spite of all our exertions. At 11 P. M. the gale still increasing, the ship drove from her anchors, and soon afterwards struck upon a narrow insulated rock upon which it was evident she would quickly go to pieces.

The unshaken mind of our commander was now eminently displsyed. Finding that the ship must certainly go to pieces, and that the people could no longer continue on board with safety, he ordered the long boat to be got out, himself superintending the operation, which was not effected without difficulty. As soon as the boat was in readiness, the supercargo, myself and as many of the people as she could carry, were embarked; when the captain, unmindful of his own safety, ordered us to quit the wreck, and make the best of our way to the shore. As the boat could not contain all the people, some sought their safety on spars, planks, hencoops, &c. while the captain and five or six of his people continued with the wreck endeavoring to prepare a raft. We who were in the long boat passed a dreary night, ignorant of the fate of our companions, and despairing ourselves of reaching the shore alive, the gale still continuing in all its fury. At length the sun arose, when we had the mortification to find that our brave and faithful friend, our late commander, had voluntarily sacrificed his life to a sense of duty; he who so well deserved a better fate, and the men who were with him, perished with the wreck, which went to pieces in the night.

The long boat did not get on shore till noon, when we landed; and were soon afterwards seized and conducted by the natives, as prisoners, to the presence of Rajah, in the capital of Saduha, where we were detained for four months, during which time we experienced every privation and indignity, from a barbarian government alike insensible to the claims of justice or humanity.

At length, after incessant intreaties, we, with the exception of the supercargo, his brother-in-law, the purser, and four others were, on the 17th of last month, set at large. The persons detained were to be marched up to the presence of his majesty at Ava. They were to be accompanied by some of the chests of opium and bales of cotton which floated on shore from the wreck. Of the cargo that came on shore, the chief part was seized and sold by the inhabitants of Saduha.

We who were released, to the number of forty six, were provided with a small fishing boat, in which we hastened to quit the inhospitable shore of Saduha. In our eagerness to embark, we neglected a proper supply of water and provisions, and overlooked the insufficient accommodation of our boat. We were however but a short time at sea, before we found ourselves so cramped for room and so much exposed to the inclemency of the weather that we preferred going on shore, wholly unprovided for a journey, as we were, determined to traverse the woods and to seek our way to Chittagong, on foot.—— Having landed, we proceeded along the coast, and after waking day and night, without refreshment or food, we arrived at the end of the fourth day, more dead than alive at Chittagong. Here our wants were doomed to be completely removed. Here our sufferings were soothed by the tenderest offices of humanity.

James Bruce Laing, esq. judge and magistrate of Chittagong, animated by sentiments honorable to humanity, and congenial to the British character, succored our distresses with zeal, promptitude, and liberality, calculated to excite both our gratitude and admiration. I have no expressions equivalent to my sense of the beneficence & generosity, experienced from this gentleman, in the kindness of whose attentions, all my companions and myself lost every trace of our late distresses, except in their remembrance. I trust that my countrymen, whether in Europe or in India, will justly appreciate such benevolence: and that they will be proud to acknowledge its claim to our national and individual gratitude, by employing every opportunity that may present, to relieve a distressed shipwrecked Briton.

Mr. Laing was desirous to detain the people sometime longer at this place, under the apprehension that they were not fully recruited. A longer stay was, however unnecessary. The Lascars being amply provided with money and other requisites for their journey, set out some days ago for Luckipore, on their way to Calcutta. The Europeans, nine in number, and two Chinese, being equipped from the same liberal source, with a boat, money, and whatever was required for their voyage proceeded hence a few days ago for Calcutta.

Subjoined is an account of the fate of the persons late of the Bowaning.

Number of souls embarked from Calcutta, 60.	
Drowned, captain Napremassena, 3 Lascars, 2 Chinese, 1 Christian.	7
Sent to Ava,	7
Arrived at Chittagong,	46

Chittagong, Nov. 10, 1807.

FROM THE N. Y. EVENING POST.

The following excellent reflections on the late revolution in Spain are from the pen of a valuable correspondent:

Spain.—The accounts from Spain, published yesterday, leave no room to doubt but that the once mighty monarchy of "Spain and the Indies" is annihilated; and that the extensive, rich, and fertile countries which constituted that monarchy, have become provinces of France. Bonaparte, in this instance, seems to have completely thrown off that disguise in which he has usually appeared to nations he meant to subjugate. He no longer comes as a protector and friend of the people, to save the deluded populace from *the tyranny of the English merchants*: He is no longer the deliverer from oppression, but comes avowedly to oppress. Thinking the power and influence he has over the Spaniards sufficient to bear down all opposition, he does not consider it worth his while to even cloak his designs. Not content with the conquest of such a noble and high spirited nation, he plans their degradation, in hopes, no doubt, not only to subdue the country but to conquer that spirit of independence which burns in the bosom of every Spaniard, and which never submitted quietly to a foreign yoke. In order effectually to humble the pride of the Spanish people, he has swept away every vestige of their independence. He has not given them the consolation of even a king of his own creation, but he has at once reduced them to a state of vassalage, and wiped away their name and nation from the face of the earth. How the Spaniards will bear this outrageous usurpation, time must determine: From what we can learn by the last accounts from Spain, it appears not to set so easy on them as the usurper might wish; and we should not be surprized if they should be roused from their state of torpor by this unparalleled insult, and give the Frenchmen such a reception as shall make them heartily sick of the job they have undertaken. It cannot be expected, however, that the wily Corsican has left his plans so lame, as to give the Spaniards much chance to save their country: Old Spain and its dependencies in Europe, must undoubtedly fall; and though the inhabitants in their last struggles may send a few thousand Frenchmen to the land of "everlasting sleep," they will, in the end, be forced to submit, and grace the triumph of the Universal Conqueror.

To take a full view of the effects the revolution will have on the affairs of Bonaparte and of the world, would far exceed our present limits, and require more time than we have at this moment to spare. We cannot, however, pass on to make our reflections on the subject, without turning the attention of our readers, to the present situation of the Spanish provinces, in America. Those provinces the richest and most extensive in the world, are now without a king. Their own rightful sovereign has abdicated the throne, and has resigned his kingdom into the hands of the Almighty, who gave it to him, for he, the king, had no right to give it to any one else, and the usurper who drove him by flattery and force to adopt this measure, has not yet been able to take possession of the provinces. What a glorious time for the South Americans to make themselves independent. Such a time was never offered a people to form a government of their choice. Had they leaders capable of uniting them, they might soon make themselves a flourishing nation, and fill the blank made amongst the states of the world by the destruction of Old Spain. This being a subject of fruitful and pleasing speculation, we may at some future day indulge ourselves in the pursuit of it, by giving a most extensive view of the Spanish revolution, and its probable effects on the nations of the earth. At present we proceed to make some reflections on this important revolution, as it respects our own country, and to compare the situation of the Spanish monarchy, with that of the independent states of America.

And here what a lesson for an American what a page in the book of fate have we had open to our view! The Spaniards were in friendship with the French; they were not only allies, but were engaged in fighting the battles of the great emperor; they entered actively into all his plans of aggrandizement and assisted him in all his conquests.—For this friendship, this assistance and submission to the will of the Corsican, what reward has he given them? He has overthrown the monarchy, erased the kingdom from the list of nations, and made the people slaves—hewers of wood and drawers of water for his armies. Americans, take warning. What is our present situation? Have we no reason to be alarmed? If we cannot see our danger after viewing the example set before us: if we cannot take warning from the fate of Switzerland, Germany,

olland, Portugal and Spain, our case is ully desperate, and the time is not far dis- nt when we shall find ourselves in the same eplorable situation we now find these devo- d kingdoms and states; we shall be chain- d to the triumphant car of the conqueror the world!

PARIS, *May* 4.

Letters from Irun dated the 25th April, sert that thro' the interference of France, e *Prince of Peace* has been set at liberty. is added, that the unfortunate prince, hen taken out of his prison, was without shirt, and had a beard several inches long.

BAYONNE, *April* 28.

Yesterday at seven in the evening her jesty the empress arrived here. To- she received a visit from the prince of turias.

The day before yesterday the prince de la z arrived here. He dwells in a castle r the town. To morrow the king and een of Spain are expected.

NEW ORLEANS, *June* 16.

We learn from Baton Rouge, that serious prehensions have been entertained by gov. rand Pre of a rebellion against the govern- ent of his catholic majesty, and that major lis, formerly of this city, has been arrested, d is in close custody.

June 18.

Yesterday arrived in this city, in good elth commodore David Porter, of the U. ates navy, who succeeds commodore Leo- d in the command of the squadron on this ation.

We learn that captain Williamson, cruiz- g in a gun boat off lake Barrataria, has ade consid rable seizure of dry goods nuggling on board a brig, for the Spantsh arket.

NEW-YORK, *July* 25.

"The U. S. Frigate Chesapeake Com- odore Decatur, Anchored within the hook is morning. As soon as it was known to e Navy Agent here, an express boat was mediately employed to carry dispatches her, which, was received in this city from ashington. It is said that the Navy A- ent had orders to send an express boat out pursuit of the Chesapeake, if she had not ouched here.

BALTIMORE, *July* 26.

Arrived, brig Hanna, Snow, 17 days rom Havanna.—Left ship Vigilant, of N, ork; brig Havanna Packet, of do. and rig Atlantic, of Philadelphia, just arrived. spoke nothing on her passage.

Also, sch'r. Mary Ann, Muir, 65 days rom N. Orleans. July 3d, 30 miles W. f Tortugas, spoke brig Agenoria, Dris- oll, from Baltimore, for New Orleans.

Ship Thomas Wilson, Gardner, 15 days rom La Guayra.—Left La Guayra the 9th nst. on the morning of which day, an em- argo had been laid on all vessels (Ameri- ans excepted) in consequence of the arrival f a Spanish vessel from Porto Rico, where packet had just arrived from Spain, with rders to that effect. It was generally be- eved there, that the embargo would in a ew days be extended to the Americans. The schooner Farmer had arrived from Phi- adelphia, on the 4th of July, in 28 days assage, and with the brig Lion, captain Clift, of New London, were the only A- ericans left at La Guayra. The Lion was ast from St. Andero, and was then begin- ng to take in a cargo for Spain. The schr. Mary Ann, Morse, sailed for Philadelphia, he 15th of June.

The French letter of marque brig Gene- al Ernouf, (of ten guns, and 28 or 30 men) rrived at La Guayra the 25th of June, in days from Guadaloupe, in quest of provi- ions, and had obtained permission to take away 500 barrels of flour, paying 26 dols. er barrel, with a quantity of indian corn, ice, beef, &c. and was then engaged load- ng the same.

The captain of the General Ernouf in- ormed, that a few days before he sailed rom Guadaloupe, an American schooner ad arrived there from the U. S. with a uantity of hams, lard and cheese, all of which sold at one dollar per pound. It ap- eared that the schooner had cleared out a arcel of casks (as empty) in order to bring ome sugar and molasses, and these provi- ions were concealed in them. There was o flour at Guadaloupe, and the last had been sold at 40 dollars per barrel.

For Sale,

TWO CHAIRS, one single and the other a family chair, both new, with tops and har- ness complete. They will be sold a great bargain for cash.

Thomas Towers.

July 27. eo3t

Alexandria Daily Gazette.

FRIDAY, JULY 29.

MARRIED yesterday at Friends' Meet- ing in this town, EDWARD STABLER, to MARY HARTSHORNE, of Fairfax county, Va.

The British Packet, Manchester, for Falmouth, via Halifax will sail about the 3rd of August from New York.

LAW INTELLIGENCE. *Communicated.*

BAPTIST IRVINE,

Editor of the Whig,

This day appeared before the court of oy- er and terminer, and goal delivery for Bal- timore county, to receive his sentence, for publishing "*a false, scandalous and malicious libel, tending to defame the character of Ed- ward J. Coale, Esquire, Register of this ci- ty,*" of which he was convicted by the ver- dict of the jury, delivered on Saturday last. Judge Scott, after making some very perti- nent and impressive remarks on the danger- ous tendency of such libels to produce breaches of the public peace, and injure the public morals, pronounced the sentence of the court, That Baptist Irvine pay a fine of two hundred dollars, and be imprisoned SIXTY DAYS.

[*Balt. Fed. Gaz.*

Extract of a letter from a respectable mer- cantile house in Trinidad dated July 1.

"With regard to our markets here for American produce, you are most egregious- ly mistaken, when you suppose them high. We have just received 15,000 bbls. of flour from Passamaquoddy; and not a week pass- es but some vessels are dropping in from Philadelphia, Norfolk, &c. with that article. From the arrangements now made with Halifax, and Canada! We have no doubt we will be regularly supplied with that ar- ticle. A cargo of 1000bbls, Would not just now command more, than 12 dolls. Last Sept. previous to the embargo, it was sold at 18 Spanish milled dollars. From the Main we get plenty fresh beef, vegetables, &c. We find by experience we can live in- dependent of Jefferson and his embargo law."

FROM THE NORTH AMERICAN.

NEW CARICATURE.

MR. WAGNER,

BEING in a china store a few days since, I amused myself some time looking at the various devices which the English make use of, to induce us to purchase their ware. Among them was one, which par- ticularly drew my attention, as very appli- cable to our present situation—it represents John Bull holding the head of a cow, Bona- parte the tail, and Thomas Jefferson in a situation to milk her; but either through design or neglect in the artist, he has given Mr. Jefferson no vessel to save the milk in, and has placed him on his knees, with his face turned towards Bonaparte, as if in the act of supplicating him to know how he shall continue the waste. W.

From Jamaica Papers to the 18th of June.

KINGSTON, *June* 11.

The Active has brought a supply of 950 barrels of flour from Georgetown, S. C.— She was bound to New Orleans, but having experienced very bad weather immediately after leaving port and sprung a leak, she was obliged to bear away for this island.— She furnishes no news. Capt. Speake re- ports that he got his cargo (flour and fish) by "ways and means."

Yesterday arrived at Port Royal his ma- jesty's brig Sandwich, of 12 guns, lieut. A'Court, from a cruise, with Danish schr. Saint Elizabeth, from St. Jago de Cuba, bound to the U. S, with sundries taken by her off Trinidada de Cuba, on the 25th ult.

Saturday, June 18.—We learn that the American brig Express, which was detain- ed in Jan. last by the Muros, and ordered for this port, had been retaken by the crew and carried into Campeachy.

The American brig Bellona, from Charles- ton and Nassau to this island, with rice and flour, detained to the northward of St. Do- mingo on Tuesday last by the Garland fri- gate, was brought into Port Royal yester- day.

The ship Wilmington, Childs, of Wil- mington, from New Orleans to this port, with 900 barrels of flour got into Nassau the 23d ult. having sprung her foretopmast, and was to proceed in a few days.

The brig Lion, Cullum, 27 days from New York, with about 8000 staves and heading, entered at the custom-house of Port-Maria on the 27th ult.

The brig John Adams, Shaw, from New- port entered at Port Antonio, on the 13th inst.

ST. JAGO DE LA VEGA, *June* 18.

Arrived ships Alfred, Hutchins; Echo, Stewart; Stork, Chambers; Planter, Flet- cher, and brig Daphne, Denning, all from London; ship Herald, Watson, Cork; schr. Olive, Munroe, Boston; Esperanza, Green, Port au Prince.

Three licenced traders arrived this morn- ing, one of them with a cargo of flour.

His majesty's frigate Greyhound, captain Troubridge, went not long since to the Isle of France, under a flag of truce, to enquire, after the fate of the Blenheim and Java when his flag was respected by gen. De- cean, who unable to afford him any other in- telligence of these ships, save that general reports stated them to have foundered off Madagascar, gave him an order, address d to all persons under the domination of the French government, directing them to im- part to captain Troubridge, all they might know concerning the vessels, and to afford him every facility, during the continuance of his cruise in search of his father.

The Olive sailed from Boston on the 20th ult. at which time the embargo continued in full force and the last supplemental bill to the embargo it seems, renders their coasting trade extremely difficult and vexatious.

The American brig Bellona, from Charles- ton to Kingston, with rice, detained by his majesty's ship Garland, captain Bevan, off Cape Meize, on the 9th instant was brought into Port Royal yesterday; she sailed from Charleston on the 24th ultimo, at which time the embargo still continued in force; and there was no probability of its being taken off for a length of time, *which occasioned the generality of Americans to be extremely cla- morous.*

The following are the names of the prin- cipal privateers which belong to the island of Cuba, and frequently infest our coast:— Sch'r General Massena, of one 24 pounder, one 12 ditto, four sixes, and 120 men.— Schr. Jean Bart, of one 12 pounder, and 8 6 ditto, and 120 men. Schr. L'Imperial, of two 9 pounders, and four 6 do. and 80 men. Schr. Prince de Benevento, of one 9 pounder, two 6 do. and 30 men. Schr. La Sentinel, of one 9 pounder, and four 6 do. and 80 men. Three masted felucca Le Re- gulus, of one 6 pounder and 50 men. Three masted felucca La Boladora, of one 6 pound- er, and 60 men. Three masted felucca Le Tigre, of one 18 pounder, and one 32 pound carronade, and 90 men. Of the above pri- vateers, the General Massena is the only one now in the port of St. Jago, the rest are all cruizing.

Le Tigre and L'Argonaute have been lately fitted out, and one of them is com- manded by a man of the name of Michel, who was on board the Antelope schooner, which was captured and brought in the port of St. Jago, the rest are all cruizing.

ASSIZE OF BREAD,

Made of Superfine Burr Flour.

	CENTS
The 8 pound loaf to be sold for	24
4 pound loaf	12
2 pound loaf	6
1 pound loaf	3

JAMES HARRISS,
Clerk of the Market.

July 29.

Public Sale.

ON MONDAY NEXT,

At half past three o'clock, will be sold at the late dwelling house of A. Jackson, deceas- ed, a variety of

Household & Kitchen Furniture.

AND IMMEDIATELY AFTER,

The schooner ANN, Burthen forty-five tons. Terms will be made known at the place of sale.

May 29

Forty Dollars *Reward.*

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on Tuesday, 26th instant, a colored man, named HANSON, but calls himself *Hanson Peir- son*, upwards of six feet high, very slim from his shoulders down, long arms boney and straight, complexion yellow—it is supposed a white man was his father from the color and growth of his hair, which is about 6 or 7 inches long, and which he generally wears queued—his cloathing consists of an oznaburg shirt and trowsers, a striped linsey waistcoat and old shoes—all his best cloaths he left in the country, as he came to town that morning to cut a small lot of grass—he is very fond of liquor, and has a brazen look—Whoever takes up and secures him in jail so that I get him again, shall have, if taken within the county, *Twenty Dollars*; if out of it *Forty Dollars*, and reasonable charges if brought home.

Masters of vessels and others are forewarn- ed from harboring or carrying him off at their peril.

George Slacum.

July 29. 4

LOST THIS MORNING,

SOMEWHERE on Fairfax or Prince streets, *A SUM OF MONEY*, in Alexan- dria banknotes, of 5 dollars each: the finder will be handsomely rewarded, by leaving it with the printer.

July 29.

Just Received,

For sale by R. GRAY, King-street,

TEARS AND SMILES:

A COMEDY in five Acts.

Performed at the Theatre, Philadelphia:

BY J. N BARKER.

Price thirty-one and quarter Cents.

THE INDIAN PRINCESS;

OR

La Belle Sauvage:

An operatic Melo Drama—in three Acts— performed at the Theatres Philadelphia and Baltimore.

BY J. N. BARKER.

First acted April 6th, 1808.

Price 31 1-4 Cents.

Also, the MUSIC to the *Indian Princess*— composed by Mr. BRAY. Comedian.

Price Three Dollars.

July 29.

ALEXANDRIA THEATRE.

☞ No postponement on account of the weather.

On SATURDAY, JULY 30 1808,

Will be presented Shakespear's celebrated TRAGEDY, *in five acts*, CALLED

RICHARD III.

King Henry the VIth,	Mr. Cross.
Prince of Wales,	Miss Hunt.
Duke of York,	Mast. Scrivener.
Duke of Glocester,	Mr. M'Kenzie.
Duke of Buckingham,	Mr. Cross.
Henry, earl of Richm'd,	Mr. Cone.
Duke of Norfolk,	Mr. Martin.
Tressel,	Mr. Wood.
Catesby,	Mr. Miller.
Ratcliffe,	Mr Francis.
Earl of Oxford,	Mr. Wilmot.
Lieut of the tower,	Mr. Jacobs.
Lord Stanley,	Mr. Briers.
Lord mayor of London,	Mr. Jefferson.
Aldermen,	Seymour & Harris.
Tyrrel,	Mr. Bray.

Queen,	Mrs. Wilmot.
Lady Anne,	Mrs. Wood.
Dutchess of York,	Mrs. Francis.

To which will be added, a Melo-Drama, in 3 *acts*, CALLED,

A TALE OF MYSTERY.

Bonamo,	Mr. Charnock.
Romaldi,	Mr. Wood.
Francisco,	Mr. Jefferson.
Stephano,	Mr Cone.
Montano,	Mr. Cross.
Michelli,	Mr. Blissett.
Salvoglio,	Mr. Miller.
Pierro,	Mr. Briers.
Exempt,	Mr. Jacobs.
First Gardener,	Mr. Seymour.
Second Gardener,	Mr. Harris.

Selina,	Mrs. Wood.
Flametta,	Mrs. Francis.

In act second, *A CHARACTERISTIC DANCE*—by Messrs. Francis, Harris, Char- nock, Briers, Misses Hunt, &c.

Act third, a Wild Mountainous Country, called the Nant of Appennaz, with Pines and Massy Rocks, rude Wooden Bridges, thrown across from rock to rock. A rugged Mill Stream in the back ground; the Miller's House on one side, a steep ascent by a nar- row path to the Bridge.

On Tuesday, an entire new Melo-Drama, called *The Fortress*, with entertainments.

☞ *Doors to be open at* 6, *and performance to begin precisely at a quarter past* 7 *o'clock.*

*** *Admittance—box one dollar, pit seventy five cents, gallery fifty cents.*

†‡† *Box Tickets to be had at the bar of Mr. Gadsby's hotel, and at the office of the Daily Gazette.*

Public Sale.

BY virtue of and assignment from George Hill, an insolvent debtor, will be exposed to public sale, on SATURDAY, the 6th August a two story FRAMED HOUSE, situate on Duke street, a few doors east of Union street. The lot is 20 feet front and 60 feet deep, and subject to a ground rent of sixty dollars per annum. Terms of sale cash.

Horace Field, *Trustee.*

July 29. eo3t

TO RENT,

A three story Brick House and Lot, well calculated for business and the accommodati- on of a family, situate at the corner of Prince and Washington-streets, in an airy & healthy part of the town.—Possession given on the first day of August next.—Apply to *Philip Triplett.*

Edmund Denney.

July 11. tf

PROPOSALS

FOR PUBLISHING BY SUBSCRIPTION

A NEW WORK

ENTITLED,

THE MANUAL

OF THE

FRENCH AND ENGLISH STUDENT

OR A

NEW AND COMPLETE

DICTIONARY

OF

THE FRENCH AND ENGLISH LANGUAGES.

IN TWO PARTS:

1. *French & English* 2. *English & French*

CONTAINING,

1. All the words in general use, occasionally illustrated by French and English sentences.
2. An extensive collection of new words in every art, science and trade.
3. The pronunciation of every word, according to the most polite usage in France and England.
4. A copious vocabulary of sea terms and phrases.
5. A dictionary of French synonymes.
6. A dictionary of French homonymes.
7. An alphabetical list of the most familiar proper and christian names, and of the most remarkable places in the world.
8. The difficulties of the French language alphabetically arranged.
9. A complete treatise on French poetry.
10. The chief English idioms.
11. A treatise on the English particles, &c.

The whole carefully compiled from the best writers, and particularly from the Dictionaries of the French Academy, Boiste, Ferand, Caneau, Wailly, Toequot, Nugent, Chambaud, Boyer, Johnson, Walker, &c.

BY N. G. DUFIEF,

Author of Nature Displayed in her mode of teaching language to man, applied to the French language, &c.

The first book of a nation is the dictionary of their own language.

VOLNEY.

I. It shall be printed on fine paper, in two handsome large 12mo volumes, upon a beautiful type, called nonpareil, cast for the purpose, by Messrs. Binney and Ronaldson. This type, although small, is, by its neatness and elegance, extremely grateful to the eyes. The work will issue from the press of T. and G. Palmer, who have already been so eminently distinguished by the greatest accuracy and taste in their profession, and a thorough knowledge of the French and English languages.

II. Price, to subscribers, for the two volumes in boards, neatly lettered, five dollars, to be paid on the delivery of the whole work. By gentlemen, however, wishing to have the first volume before the second, it may be received upon paying the full amount of the subscription for both volumes.

☞ Subscriptions received by R. GRAY.

May 28.

Scheme of a Lottery,

For the purpose of raising a sum of money to aid the funds of the *Charitable Marine Society of Baltimore.*

1	prize of	5000	Dollars is	5000
1	—	2500	—	2500
2	—	1500	—	3000
4	—	750	—	3000
10	—	300	—	3000
20	—	150	—	3000
40	—	75	—	3000
80	—	30	—	2400
200	—	20	—	4000
300	—	10	—	3000
5000	—	6	—	30,000
1	First drawn blank			200
1	— after	2000	tickets	200
1	—	4000	—	200
1	—	6000	—	200
1	—	8000	—	400
1	—	10,000	—	400
1	—	12,000	—	500
1	—	14000	—	1000
1	—	16,000	—	3000
1	Last drawn blank		—	3000
6168	Prizes—amounting to		Dolls.	75,000
11832	Blanks.—Sum raised including expence,			15,000

From the above Scheme, it appears that there are less than two blanks to a prize, and that the prizes are to be paid *without deduction.*

The drawing will possitively commence on the 24th of next month, and will be completed in ten weeks. TICKETS at $5 50 cents for sale at R. GRAY'S BOOK STORE, where the drawing of all tickets sold by him will be examined free of expence. Prizes in the last New York Lottery taken in payment for tickets in this.

Orders for tickets from the country, enclosing the cash (post-paid) will be punctually attended to, and early information given of their fate.

July 18.

WITHERS & SANGSTER,

Inform their friends, that they have just received from New-York and Philadelphia,

A SUPPLY OF

Fancy & Summer Goods,

Which, with their former stock, renders their assortment complete.

They request those who have made memorandums, to call and settle them, as they are determined to sell for cash only.

July 14. d

☞ I want to hire a negro fellow that understands something of gardening as well as farming.

R. T. HOOE.

July 13.

Charitable Marine Society Lottery, Baltimore.

Tickets and shares for sale at *R. Gray's* book-store, at the following prices:

Whole Tickets, $	5 50
Half do.	3 00
Quarter do.	1 50

Prizes in the New-York Lottery taken in payment for Ticket in this.

July 13.

A Third Dividend

IN THE CASE OF JAMES SMITH,

Has been declared of five per cent, on all claims legally proved, payable by the subscriber at Dumfries, in 30 days from the 30th of June last.

Timothy Brundidge,

Assignee.

July 12. eo3w

JOHN G. LADD,

HAS FOR SALE,

30 bales German Linens, consisting of brown and white Rolls, flaxen Osnaburghs, hempen Ticklenburghs, Burlaps, and Checks and Stripes.

1000 pieces Nankeen
Russia Sheeting and Duck
1 bale Writing Paper
50 bags of black Pepper of the best quality, and will be sold very low
Sugars and Coffee
40 hhds Molasses
1 pipe port Wine
10 do. Holland Gin
5 do. French Brandy
7 do Jamaica Spirits.

A quantity of soal Leather, Shoes, Spermaciti and Tallow Candles, Cheese, &c. &c.

April 7. d

Just Published,

For sale at R. GRAY'S Book-store,

The American Register;

OR,

General Repository of History, Politics and Science.

Volume II.—Price Three Dollars.

The *American Artillerists Companion.* Not 3. Price Two Dollars.

July 11.

TO RENT,

A three story Brick House and Lot, well calculated for business and the accommodation of a family, situate at the corner of Prince and Washington-streets, in an airy & healthy part of the town.—Possession given on the first day of August next.—Apply to *Philip Triplett.*

Edmund Denney.

July 11. eod

MACKARELL.

20 bbls. Spring Mackarell in nice order, and a few casks choice old Port Wine, just received, and for sale, by

john G. Ladd.

July 12.

Washington and Alexandria Turnpike Company.

THE Stockholders of the Washington and Alexandria Turnpike Company are hereby notified, that the second instalment of Ten Dollars on each share, is called for by the President and Directors of the said Company, and is required to be paid to *Charles Page*, Treasurer, in Alexandria, on or before the 26th day of August next, agreeable to an act of Congress, entitled "An act for the establishment of a Turnpike Company in the county of Alexandria, in the district of Columbia.

By order of the Directors,

G. Deneale, *President.*

July 23.

FOR SALE, BY

LEWIS DEBLOIS

At his Store, near Col. Ramsay's wharf,

French Brandy, in pipes
Catalonia Wine, in half pipes and quarter casks
New-England Rum, in hogsheads and barrels
Molasses, in hogsheads,
Cod-Fish, in boxes
Cider, Potatoes, Beets, and Winter Pears, in barrels
Cheese
Cider Vinegar, in hogsheads and pipes

ORPHANS COURT,

Alexandria County,

JULY TERM, 1808.

ORDERED, That Harriot Jackson administratrix of Annas Jackson, deceased, insert the following advertisement twice in each week for three weeks, in the Alexandria daily paper.

Test,

Alexander Moore,

Register.

This is to give Notice, That the Subscriber of Alexandria County in the District of Columbia, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of said county letters of administration on the personal estate of Annas Jackson, late of the county aforesaid, deceased—all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the voubhers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 27th day of January next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate—and those indebted thereto are required to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 27th day of July, 1808,

Harriot Jackson,

Adm'x of Annas Jackson.

July 27. 2aw3w

Lemmons by the box,

Lisbon Wine in quarter casks,
And about 4000 bushels coarse alt
Mould Candles in small boxes, of superiority,
Window Glass in boxes,

For Sale, by

Robert T. Hooe & Co.

January 30. eotf

NOTICE.

IN consequence of the retirement of James H. Hooe from the concern of Robert T. Hooe and Co. which has hitherto been carried on by the subscribers; the same business will be prosecuted under the same firm, by *Robert T. Hooe* and *John Muncaster*, with whom the settlement of the old concern remains.

Robert T. Hooe,
James H. Hooe,
John Muncaster.

July 15—19. eotf

FOR SALE

BY VIRTUE of a decree of the high court of chancery of the state of Maryland, will be exposed to public sale, in the town of *Port-Tobacco*, Charles county, at the court house, at three o'clock in the afternoon of the second day of the next August term of Charles county court, which commences on the 4th Monday of August next—a parcel of LAND, late the property of *John D. Scott*, deceased, being part of a tract of land called *Poynton Manor*, lying upon a branch of Nanjemoy Creek, on the post road leading to Nanjemoy from Port Tobacco, near the Hill Top, and about seven miles from Port Tobacco.

This land consists of about 300 acres, of which between 50 and 100 acres are well timbered, about 20 acres are in marsh, and the remainder arable and very productive.

The terms of sale are that the purchaser shall give bond with sufficient security to pay the purchase money in twelve months from the sale. It will be sold entire or in parcels as may best suit the persons inclined to purchase.

Francis Key, *Trustee.*

July 1. eot

TO RENT,

(And immediate possession given)

NEAR THE EXTREMITY OF THE PAVEMENT

On Prince-Street

A TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, with an elegant garden, and all necessary buildings thereto, complete. The premises occupy one half acre of ground, on one of the best situations and best constructions, equalled by few, (if any) exceded by none in Alexandria of its size; it has also a pump of excellent water, approved of by the best judges, besides a well in the garden for its exclusive use, and is every way calculated to accommodate a genteel family, from such a moderate rent will be taken.

Now building and will be ready to RENT about the first of August, FOUR HOUSES, on Washington-street, the situations are good, and the buildings will be very convenient and neatly finished, for private families, or public business—and a House or two, near *Messrs. Marsteller and Young's* wharf.

For terms apply to,

Robert Brocket.

June 1. 2aw

Cash for Salt-Petre.

I WILL GIVE the best Baltimore, Philadelphia or New-York market price, in cash, for single refined pure country Salt Petre.

A. C. Cazenove.

July 26. eo12t

FOR SALE,

A likely young *NEGRO MAN*—he is accustomed to farming work and is a tolerable good coarse shoemaker.

Apply to the Printer.

June 22.

Joseph Mandeville

CORNER OF KING and FAIRFAX STREETS, ALEXANDRIA:

HAS FOR SALE,

An assortment of WINES, LIQUORS, GROCERIES, &c.

Consisting of

WINES,
MADEIRA
Port
Sherry
Lisbon
Malaga
Teneriffe &
Corsica

Old St. Estephe Medoc claret, in cases of one dozen
A few dozen fine old frontinac
Ditto do. best wine bitters
Jamaica and West-India rum
New-England do.
Cogniac, Bourdeaux and Naples brandy
Holland and country gin
Schiedam gin in cases
Irish whiskey, very old
70 barrels Pennsylvania rye whiskey
Cider in barrels
White wine and Cider vinegar
Florence oil in flasks
2 hogsheads Havanna honey
15 do. choice retailing molasses

TEAS of good quality.
Gunpowder
Imperial
Hyson
Young Hyson
Hyson-Skin and
Souchong

Muscovado sugars, different qualities
Bengal white do.
Loaf and lump sugars, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Alexandria.
Leiper's, Garrett's, and Hamilton's snuff, in bottles and bladders.
Macuba and rapee do.
Clover-seed, *(Penn. warranted)*
Mace; nutmegs; cloves; cassia; pimento; pepper; ginger, race and ground; Cayenne pepper; refined salt-petre.
Coffee; chocolate; rice; pearl barley; London and Philadelphia mustard; basket salt; starch; fig blue; flotant indigo; Georgia and Tennessee cotton; flax; wool; madder; copperas; allum; brimstone; chalk; pipes in boxes; wrapping paper and twine; traces; bed cords; leading lines; demijohns; gin cases; patent shot; brandywine gunpowder; Harvey's gunpowder, [the only real British battle powder] from F to treble sealed chewing tobacco; best Havanna segars.
Muscatel and bloom raisins in boxes.
Sun raisins in casks.
Zante currants; prunes; soft shelled almonds.
A few boxes excellent pickles, each one dozen bottles assorted; capers, olives and anchovies, for sale by the box.
A quantity of clean good allum salt suitable for the fishery, &c. &c

JAMES BACON,

At his GROCERY STORE, *on King street, has received in addition to his former stock,*

A fresh Supply of Genuine Articles in the Grocery Line

Which makes his assortment complete.

He now offers for sale, on his usual low terms

Muscovado Sugars, of various qualities,
Loaf and Lump ditto,

TEAS, particularly selected for family use.
Gunpowder,
Imperial,
Hyson,
Young Hyson,
Hyson-Skin, and
Souchong

Best green Coffee,
Chocolate, of a superior quality

WINES.
Madeira,
Busellos,
Sherry,
Lisbon,
Teneriffe,
Malaga, and
Genuine old Port

Cognac and Bourdeaux Brandy,
Old Jamaica Spirit, for family use,
Antigua, St. Croix, St. Vincents, and New England Rum,
Holland Gin,
Irish and country Whisky,
Molasses, Wine, and Cider Vinegar,
Stoughton's Bitters,
Mace, nutmegs, cloves, cassia, pimento, Cayenne and black pepper, race and ground Ginger, basket salt for table use, dearl barley rice, starch, fig blue, soap, mould, dipt and spermaceti candles, refined salt-petre, flotant indigo, allum, copperas, madder, brimstone, spinning cotton, patent shot all sizes, best english and country made gunpowder, segars and smoaking tobacco, very best chewing tobacco.
Hamilton and Leiper's snuff, Hunter's pipes in boxes.
London mustard, warranted of a superior quality, Dixon's best ditto, wrapping paper demijohn's, &c. &c. with generally every article in his line—the whole of which have been collected with care, and will be disposed of on the very lowest terms

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